Foliar Applied Herbicides continued

ed (3.7 lb a.e./gal) than Roundup Pro (3 lb a.e./gal), which is packaged for commercial applicators. The concentration of Roundup Super Concentrate used (1.95%) is between the two highest concentrations of Roundup Pro used and would be expected to perform as well based on herbicide rate. The lack of control observed with Roundup Super Concentrate compared to Roundup Pro may be related to adjuvants in the different formulations (proprietary information) but cannot be explained in this study.

Acknowledgements

Appreciation is expressed to Mike Ward, Elizabeth Jimenez and Hillary Cherry for technical assistance, and to Helena Chemical, DuPont Agricultural Products, Monsanto Company, and Dow AgroSciences for herbicides or adjuvants used in this study.

For more information, contact Ken Langeland at kal@ifas.ufl.edu

The most recent quarterly meeting of the FLEPPC Board of Directors took place at Fort Jefferson National Monument in the Dry Tortugas National Park, 70 miles west of Key West, Florida. Following up on the 1995 exotic plant management plan that FLEPPC helped develop, board members spent several hours removing exotic Agave plants from Loggerhead Key. It was a prickly job and drew blood from several of us, but our time was well spent. During a sweep of the island, we pulled or treated Agave plants regrowing from an established population that was removed in the late 1990s along with Australian pines (Casuarina equisetifolia) (see article by Tony Pernas, et al, Wildland Weeds, Winter 2001). – Ed.

The tenacious Jonathan Taylor of the National Park Service organized the FLEPPC board member agave pull.