



WHAT COOPERATIVE WEED
MANAGEMENT AREAS CAN DO FOR
YOU

Chris Evans IWAP Invasive Species Campaign

OUTLINE

- What is a CWMA
- Demonstrate potential of CWMA through case study
 - River to River CWMA
- Look at projects/programs from other successful CWMAS



WHAT IS A CWMA

- Cooperative Weed Management Area
 - Cooperative Invasive Species Management Area
 - Partnership Regional Invasive Species Management
 - Invasive Plant Partnership
 - Etc...
- Formalized partnership within a defined area that focuses on invasive species

CWMA BEGINNINGS

- Started in the Western US as an outgrowth of county weed commissions
- Focus of noxious weeds in rangelands









REGIONAL MANAGEMENT

- Effective invasive species management should be implemented on the same scale as the infestation
- If invasive species do not recognize boundaries, **but we have to**, they automatically have the upper hand





CWMAS

• Provide a means to communicate and collaborate efforts across agencies and landowners to address invasive species at a more appropriate scale





CWMA BENEFITS

- Provides vehicle for collaboration that goes beyond individuals
- Additional funding through collaborative projects
- Reduction over time in their control costs
 - Reduced spread from adjacent lands





REGIONAL BENEFITS

- Wiser use of limited resources
- Additional funding for invasive species projects
- Enhanced EDRR
- Broader understanding of invasive species' distributions/impacts
- Dissolving of boundaries
- Reduced cost of invasive species control over time
- Enhanced spread prevention





- o Established in 2006
- Formalized Partnership between 12 federal and state agencies, non-profit organizations, and universities
- Project under Shawnee RC&D

Focus Areas

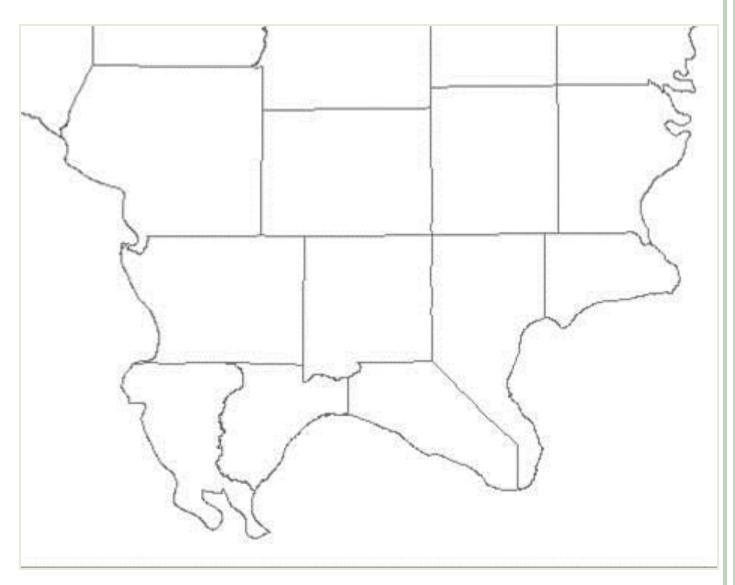
- 1. Education and awareness
- 2. Organization and capacity building
- 3. Coordinated control efforts
- 4. Research in applied methods

ESTABLISHMENT OF INVASIVE SPECIES PROGRAMS

- Convergence of important events
 - Collaborative kudzu efforts ramping up in Illinois
 - Monies available for cooperative invasive species work through NFWF
 - Shawnee National Forest started developing invasive species plan
 - IDNR finalized IWAP with an invasive species campaign
 - CWMA workshops being held by Midwest Invasive Plant Network

11 SOUTHERNMOST COUNTIES IN ILLINOIS

- Alexander
- Gallatin
- Hardin
- Jackson
- Johnson
- Massac
- Pope
- Pulaski
- Saline
- Williamson
- Union



ORGANIZATION

- Full time coordinator
 - Grant funded
- Steering Committee
 - Representative from each partner
 - Quarterly meetings
- Memorandum of Understanding
- Use Shawnee RC&D as umbrella group to obtain 501C(3) status
- Grant funded and project-based



CWMA FUNDING SOURCES

- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- National Forest Foundation
- Boat U.S. Foundation
- NRCS Conservation Innovation Grant
- USFS State & Private Forestry
- USFS Region 9
- State Wildlife Preservation Fund Grants
- State Conservation Grants
- Participatory Agreements and Challenge Cost-shares
- State Wildlife Grants
- Grand Victoria Foundation

CWMA FUNDING

• Over 1.5 million brought into region for invasive species work since 2006

CWMA PROJECTS





TRAINING SESSIONS/WORKDAYS

- Over 200 events held
- >5,000 attendees
 - Landowners
 - Agency staff
 - Volunteers
 - Consultants/Contractors
 - Students
- Leads to increase in knowledge, desire, skills, and ability to manage invasive species within the region



Internship Program

- 12 Interns (two more this year)
- Conduct research
- Help implement control work
- Map invasive species
- Many interns have continued working with invasive species
 - Full-time employment
 - Graduate school

PROGRAMS



River to River Cooperative Weed Management Area





Invasive Species Awareness Month

- 4 years and running
- Started with CWMA, spread across the state
- This year over 120 educational events across Illinois

BOOT BRUSH STATIONS

- 42 boot brushes established at trailheads with CWMA
 - State
 - Federal
 - NGO
- Additional 12 established this year
- Reduce spread but also great teaching/outreach tool



MULTISTATE PROJECTS

• Working with adjacent states and partnering CWMAs to survey and map regional invasive species problems



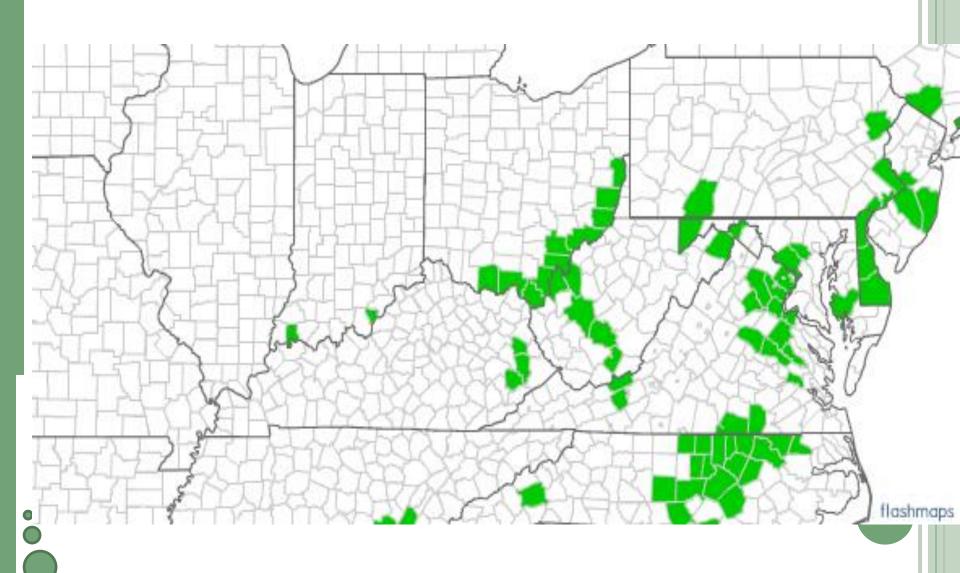
RESULTS SUMMARY

Invasive species	# of Infestations	Invasive species	# of Infestations
garlic mustard	18	mile-a-minute weed	4
hydrilla	34	Chinese yam	10
purple loosestrife	20	flowering rush	1
Nepalese browntop	4	reed canarygrass	51
parrotfeather	1	curlyleaf pondweed	49
Eurasian watermilfoil	99	zebra mussel	35
brittleleaf naiad	109	Chinese mystery snail	26
common reed	21		

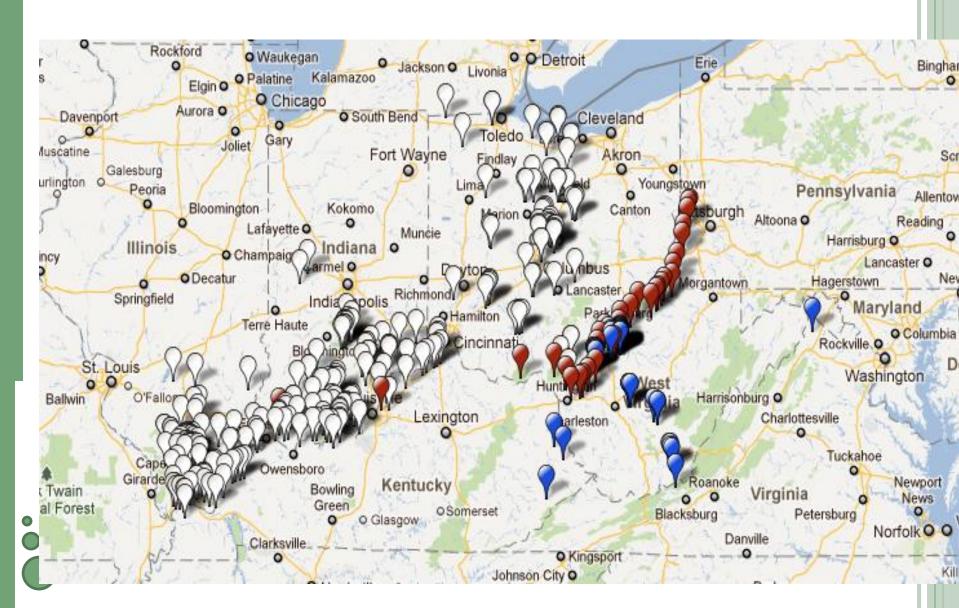
BRITTLE NAIAD

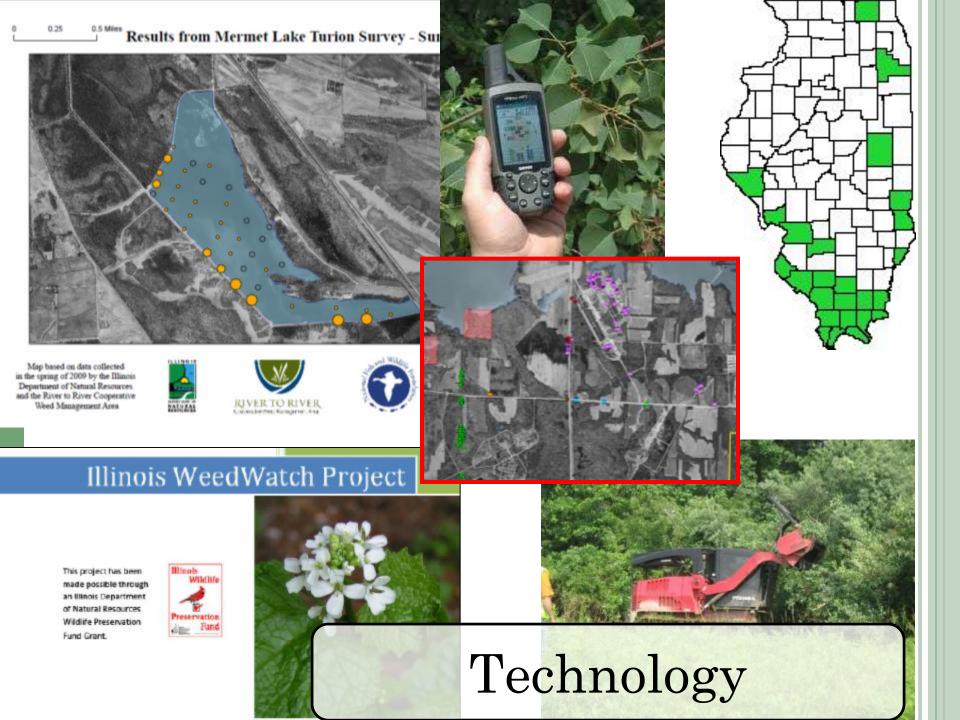


HYDRILLA RESULTS



HYDRILLA RESULTS





WEBSITE



Home Links Contact

Google™ Custom Search

About CWMA

Projects

Distribution Maps

Report Sightings

Species of Concern

Educational Resources

News

Partners

Quick Links

Japanese Stiltgrass Fact Sheet - NEW

Southern Illinois Invasive Species Strike Team 2010 Annual Report

Japanese Chaff Flower Species Alert

ISAM Website

2010 Stiltgrass Summit

Invasive Plants of Southern Illinois

The Weed Eater Newsletter (pdf)

Defending Favorite Places Video

Illinois Kudzu **Eradication Program**

Invasive Species Research

Southern Illinois Invasive Species Strike Team 2009 River to River Newsletter





What is River to River CWMA?

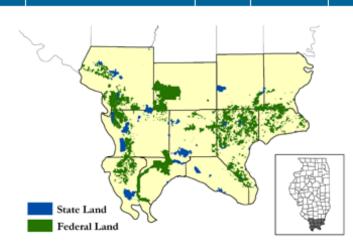
The River to River Cooperative Weed Management Area (CWMA) is a partnership between 12 federal and state agencies, organizations, and universities aimed at coordinating efforts and programs for addressing the threat of invasive plants in Southern Illinois. The CWMA was formally established in 2006 (view our MOU) and addresses both terrestrial and aquatic invasive plant species through collaborative projects and activities focused in the following areas:

- Education / Public Awareness
- Early Detection and Rapid Response
- Prevention
- Control and Management
- Research

The CWMA is grant funded and projects-based. Our goal is to cooperatively address the short and long-term effects of nonnative invasive plants across jurisdictional boundaries within the 11 southern counties of Illinois.

Thank you for your support!

The River to River Cooperative Weed Management Area would



Events



Report new invasives and infestations:



Home	Links	ı	Conta	<u>ict</u>
Google" Cus	tom Search			\blacksquare

About CWMA

Projects

Distribution Maps

Report Sightings

Species of Concern

Educational Resources

News

Partners

Report an Invasive Species Occurrence

New to EDDMapS?

In order to report an invasive species, you will need to register. All information will be for internal use only. If you are already registered to use EDDMapS, you may login using your existing username and password.

Register Now

Already Registered?

Please Log In:

User Name:

Password:

Login





















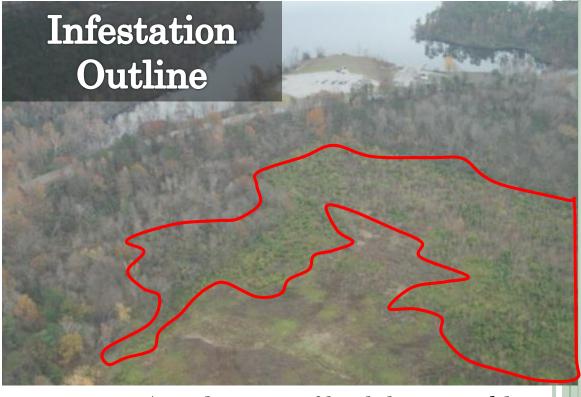


BUSH HONEYSUCKLE

- Survey and mapping
- Prioritization of control
- Management







Aerial survey of bush honeysuckle



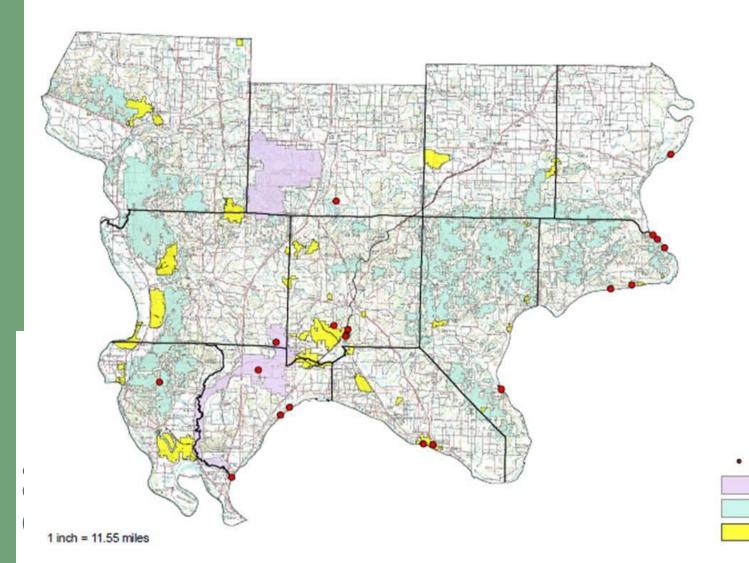
Current known locations of Japanese chaff flower, Achyranthes japonica, in Illinois August 2012



Known locations Wildlife Refuges

State Lands

Shawnee National Forest





Japanese Chaff Flower - Achyranthes japonica (Miq.) Nakai



A new exotic species has been found in southern Illinois. Japanese chaff flower, Achyrunthes japonica (Amaranthaceae), is a perennial herbaceous plant that is native to Eastern Asia. It was first found in the United States in eastern Kentucky in the early 1980s and has quickly spread along the Ohio River and tributaries. It is currently found in seven states (Alahama, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Ohio, and Tennessee). In Illinois, it was first found in 2008 in Massac County, but has since been found in Pulaski and Williamson counties.

Japanese chaff flower is easy to identify. Plants can be up to 2 meters tall (particularly in sunny areas). The leaves are opposite, simple, and entire along the margins. The flowers occur on erect spikes at the end of the stems and upper branches. Flowers are small, lack petals, and occur in a tight cluster at the end of the spike.



Japanese chaff flower seems to grow best in areas with partial sun and moist soils, but can also grow in heavily

Help Protect Southern Illinois' Lakes and Rivers



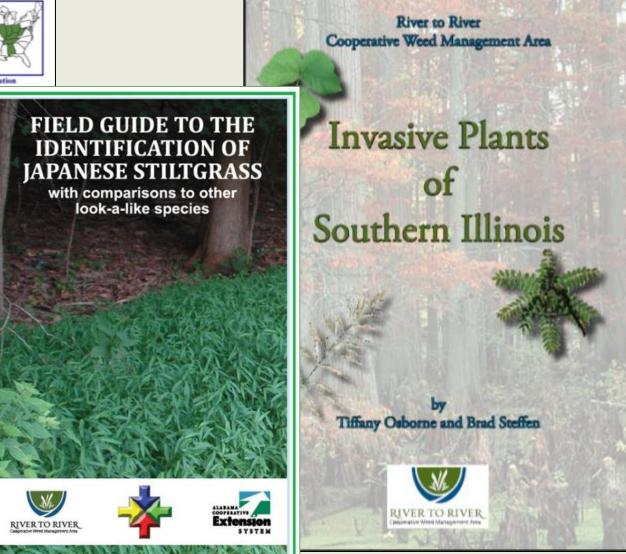
Stop the Spread of Aquatic Invasive Species





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PUBLICATIONS





WORKING WITH THE PUBLIC

- Landowner visits
- Species identification assistance
- Technical assistance
 - Management plan development
- Financial assistance
 - Cost-share program
- Equipment loan program
- Community outreach/education

LAND OWNER ASSISTANCE

- Cost-share
- Technical support





STRIKE TEAM











STRIKE TEAM – ACCOMPLISHMENTS

• 2012 – 25 Species at 30 sites

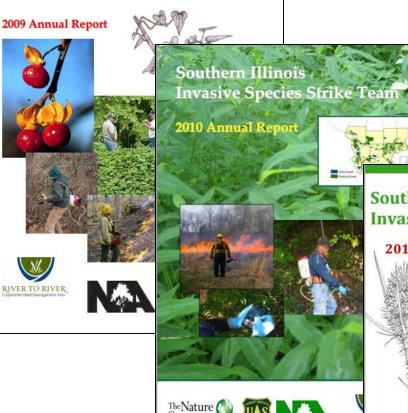
Acreage

- $2009 1{,}172 \text{ acres}$
- $2010 2{,}477$ acres
- 2011 1,660 acres
- $2012 3{,}704$ acres

• EDRR Species

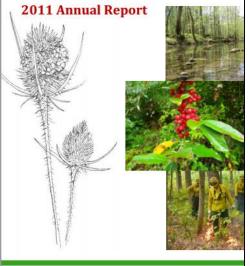
• Burning bush, garlic mustard, privet, kudzu, , chaff flower, Amur corktree, Bradford pear, princesstree, rose of Sharon, Sericea lespedeza, Chinese yam, tree-of-heaven, Oriental bittersweet, Japanese stiltgrass, Japanese knotweed, Common teasel

Southern Illinois Invasive Species Strike Team



Detailed Reporting

Southern Illinois Invasive Species Strike Team



Southern Illinois Invasive Species Strike Team

A science-based collaborative effort to manage invasive species on a regional



Southern Illinois Invasive Species Strike Team 2012 Annual Report

















http://www.rtrcwma.org/project/striketeam.

h+mal



Brown Barrens Nature Preserve

Site Statistics

County: Union Size: 28.8 acres Ownership: IDNR Days worked at site: 8

Man hours: 39

Acreage chemically treated: 10.81



Legend

Sorghum halepense
Securigera varia

Microstegium vimineum

Nature Preserve

Chemical Treatment

Species (common name)

Microstegium vimineum (Japanese stiltgrass) Lonicera maackii (bush honeysuckle) Sorghum halepense (johnsongrass) Securigera varia (crown vetch)

% Herbicide (Chemical Name)

1.5% Poast Plus (sethoxydim) 17% Element 4 (triclopyr) 2% Glyphos Xtra (glyphosate) 2% Glyphos Xtra (glyphosate)

Method

Foliar Basal bark Foliar Foliar



Princing salam, Peasoning Shi

to guarantic or warranty concerning the accuracy of information contained in the geographic data.

INTERAGENCY WORKDAYS





VOLUNTEER WORKDAYS















Illinois Stop The Spread!



Grab your shovel and let's start planting!



No experience necessary, drinks and lunch provided

RESEARCH

- Boot brush efficacy
- Japanese chaff flower ecology and distribution (SIUC)
- Enhanced control of autumn olive, bush honeysuckle, and oriental bittersweet (Dow AgroSciences)





OTHER CWMA PROJECTS/PROGRAMS

- New Invaders (Northeast Illinois Invasive Plant Partnership
 - Trains resource staff and volunteers to identify new invasive species
 - Provides cost share and equipment/herbicide stores in each county to be used for response to new finds
- Annual invasive species meetings (Upper Peninsula CWMA)
 - Brings resource managers from across the region together for yearly updates, presentations on research and control techniques, and communication and planning sessions

SUMMARY

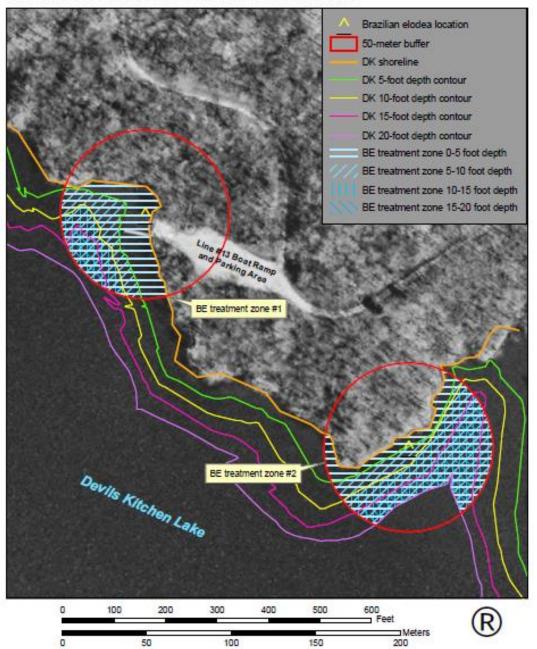
- Cooperative Weed Management Areas provide a formalized partnership to manage invasive species
- Need active partners
- Funding helps!
- Biggest benefits
 - Enhanced communication between individuals working on invasive species within region
 - Provides access to funding sources for invasive species work
 - Increase the priority of invasive species management within agencies
 - Vehicle to work across boundaries

EXAMPLE FROM RIVER TO RIVER CWMA

- Brazilian Elodea found by CWMA interns during survey project
- CWMA convened a meeting between all interested parties
- Plan formed
 - Additional surveys conducted
 - Treatment of known sites
 - Monitoring and retreatment
- Elodea now eradicated from site



BRAZILIAN ELODEA TREATMENT SITES IN DEVILS KITCHEN LAKE





Summary – Keys to Success

- Someone with energy willing to work to establish CWMA
- Get the right partners involved
- Choose the right projects for the region
- Provide venues and opportunities for communication and collaboration
- o "Sell" your success and stories
- Keep invasive species and the CWMA in the news and on the radar screen

THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?

