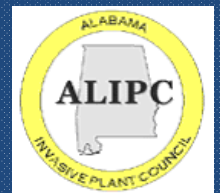
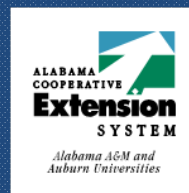


# Cogongrass Seed Production Across Alabama and Georgia

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Nancy J. Loewenstein<sup>1</sup>,  
James H. Miller<sup>2</sup> and Stephen F. Enloe<sup>1</sup>  
1-Auburn University and 2-USDA Forest Service



# cogongrass

(*Imperata cylindrica*)

**Federal Noxious Weed**



- Perennial grass (1-5') often growing in dense mats
- Often in circular infestations
- Long yellowish-green leaves with off-center midvein and scabrous edges
- No apparent stem
- White fluffy 2-8" flower, March-June
- Rhizomes segmented, sharp-tipped and white-scaly
- Full sun - partial shade
- Highly flammable
- Invades ROWs, pastures, forests, old fields, urban ...



# Cogongrass spread



# Cogongrass seed dispersal

- wind
- vehicles
- equipment
- clothing
- agronomic products





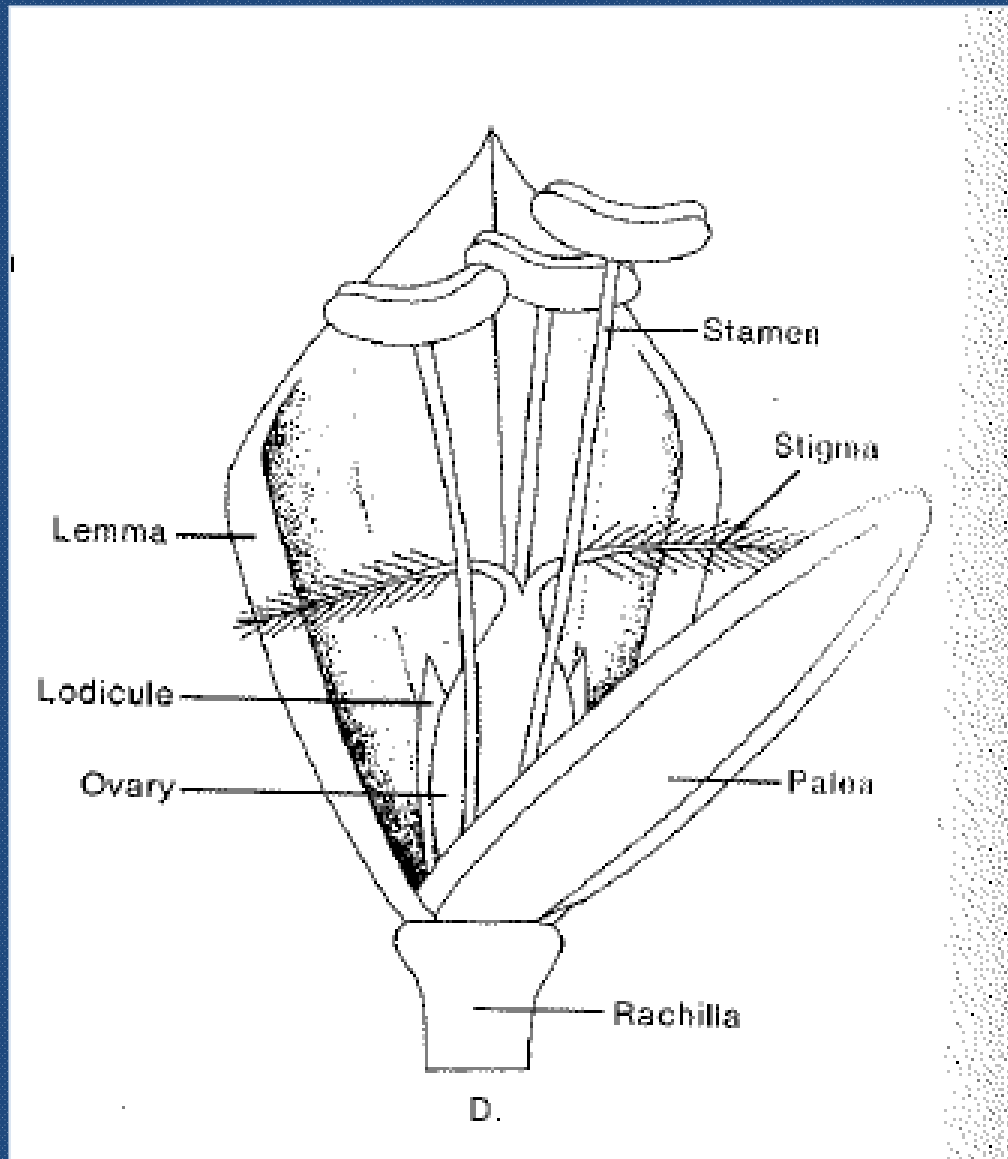
# What do we know?

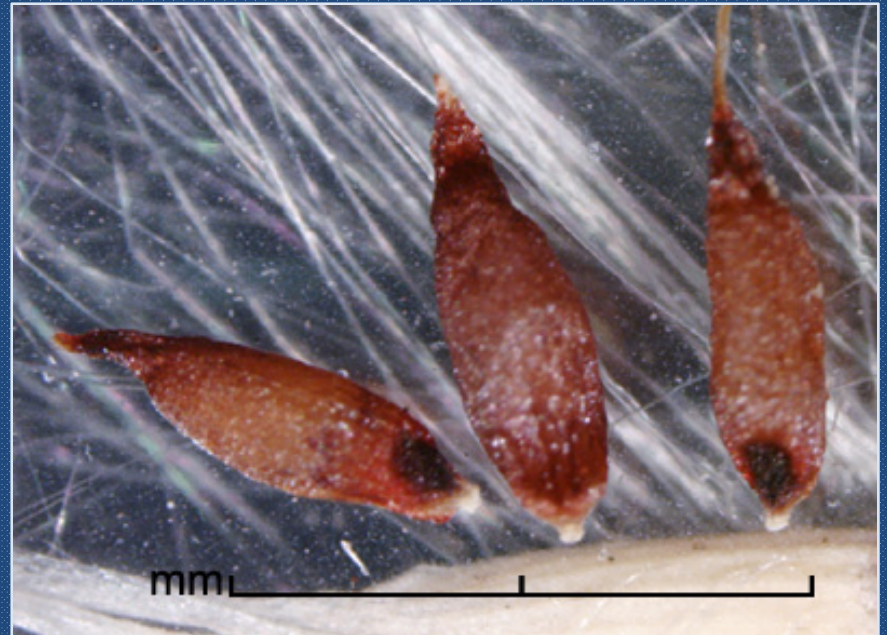
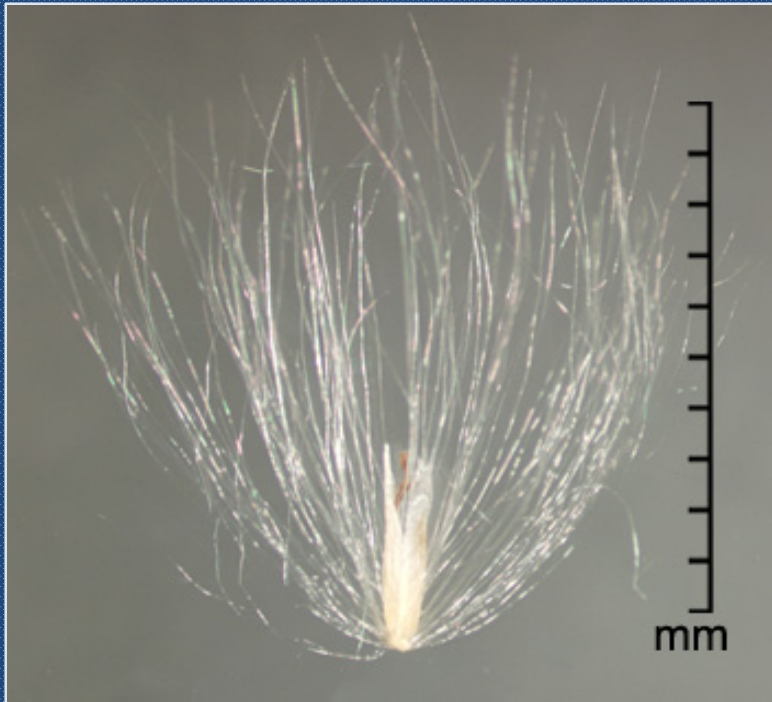
- ✿ Capable of prolific flowering
- ✿ Obligate outcrosser ... must cross pollinate with plant of different genetic material
- ✿ Seed fill generally fairly low
- ✿ High germination rate
- ✿ Seed longevity not high



- Are there regional differences in cogongrass seed production?
- Do outlying populations of cogongrass produce viable seed?







## Federal Noxious Weed Disseminules of the U.S.

[Home](#)

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[About key](#)

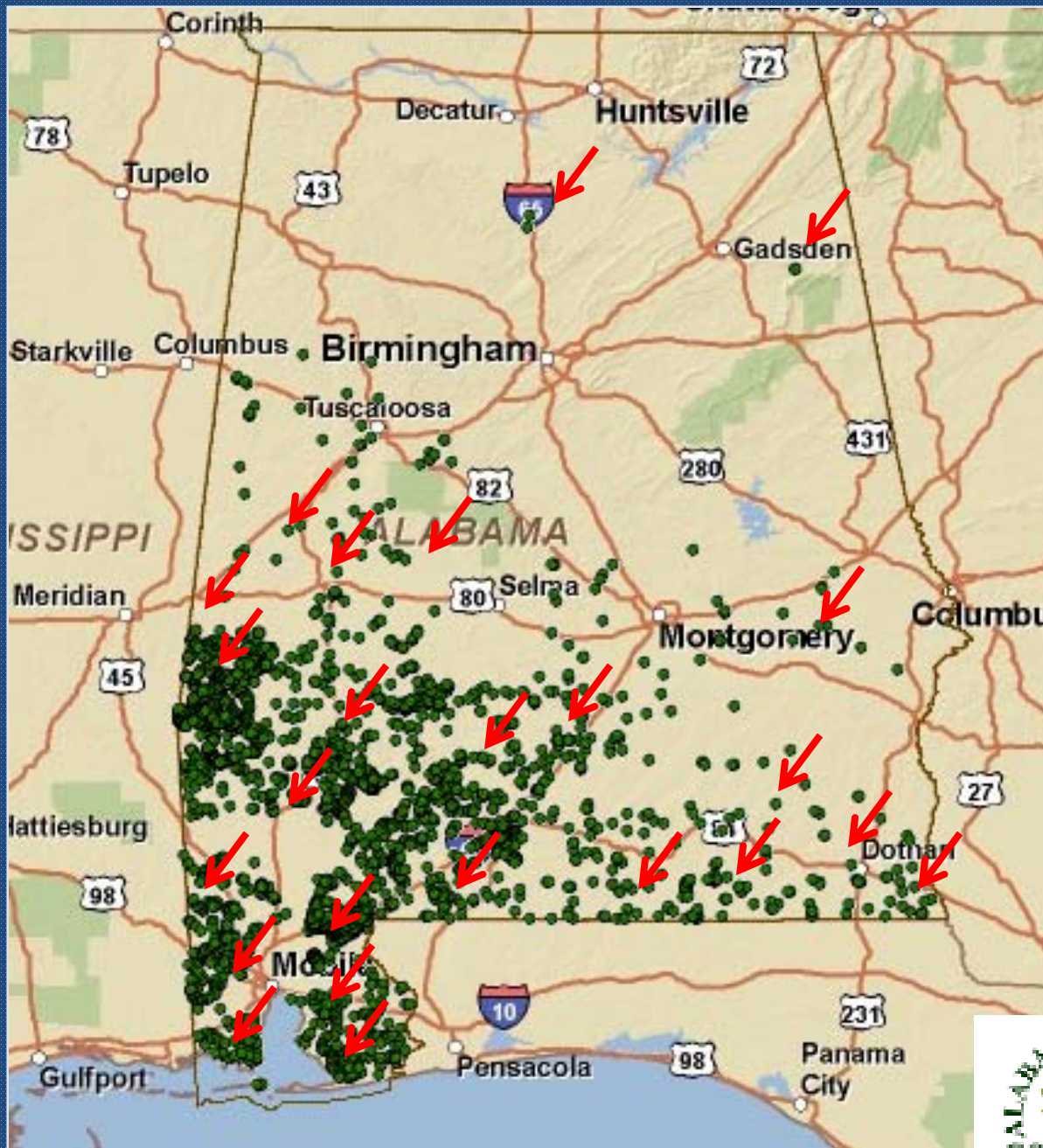
[Glossary](#)











## Germination trial

- 5 panicles (seed heads) per site
- length of panicle
- maturity of panicle





3 – anthers and stigmas, not shattering



2 – stigmas, few anthers, beginning to shatter



1 – few stigmas, shattering



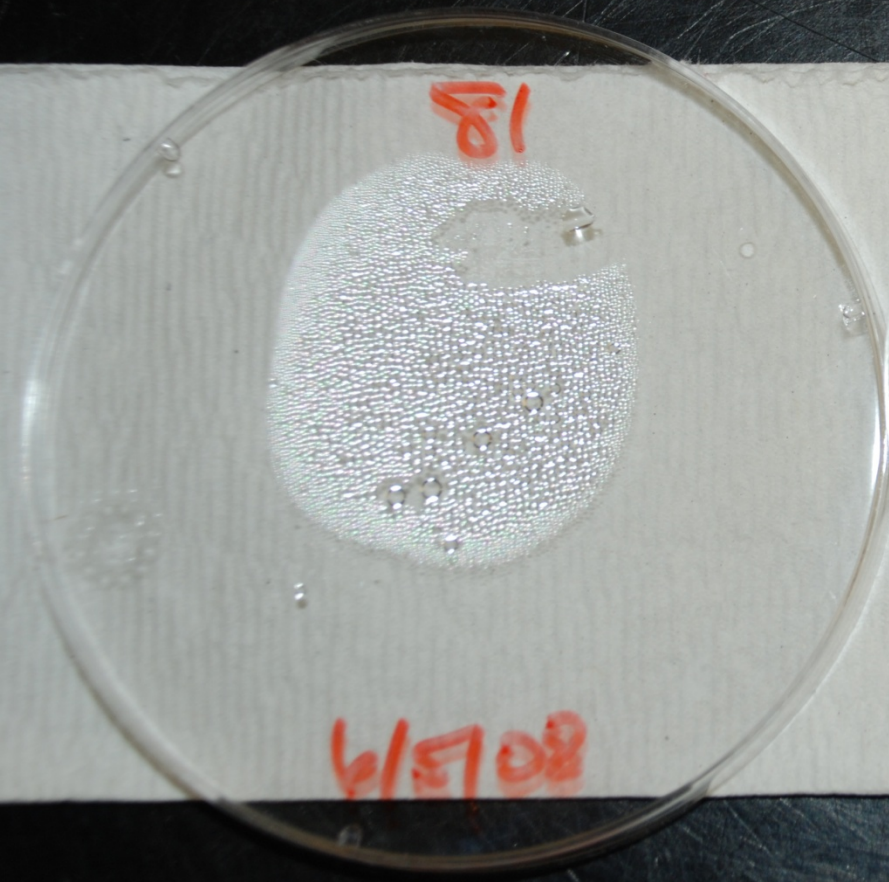
- Lined 9 cm petri dish with filter paper
- Moistened paper with deionized water
- Placed panicle in the plate, spreading the florets out with dissecting needles
- Sealed plate with Parafilm and placed in growth chamber





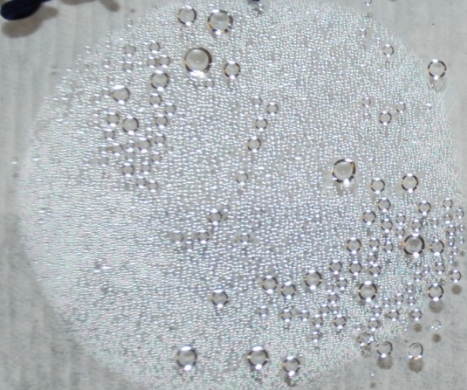
- ☀ 16 hr light, 8 hr dark
- ☀ 30 C/20 C
- ☀ 2 weeks



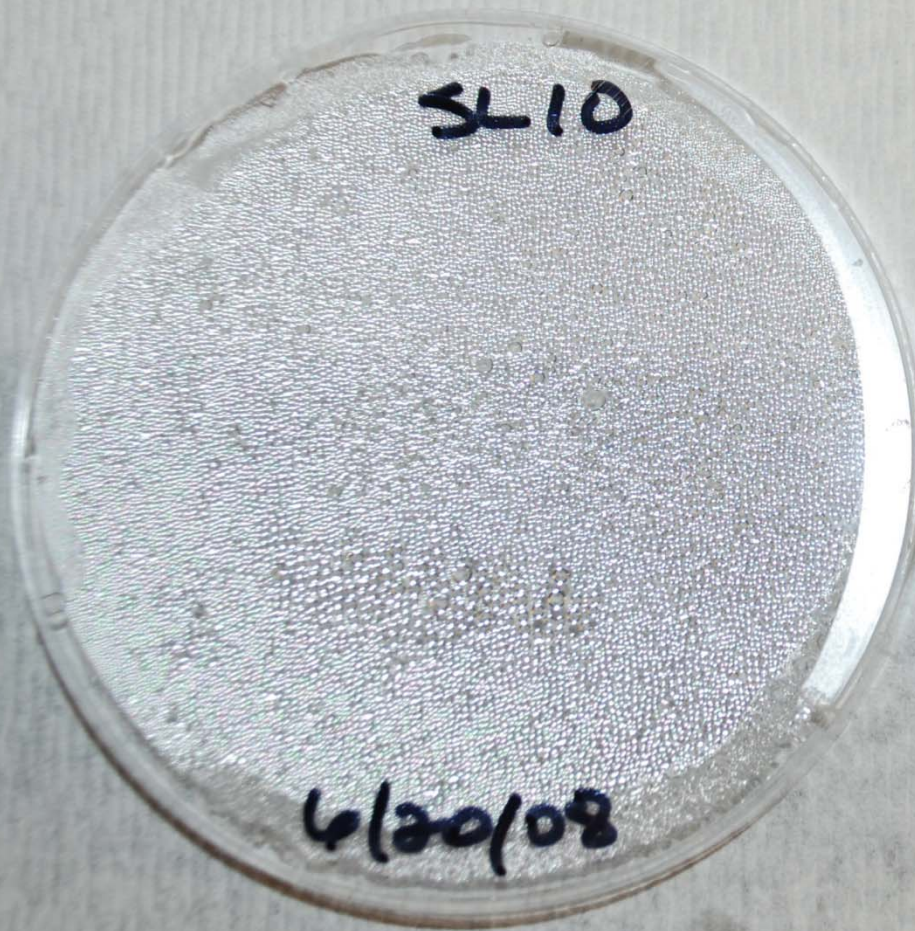




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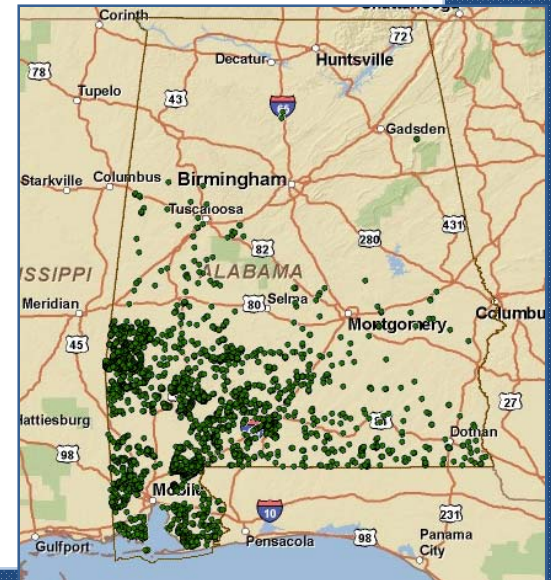
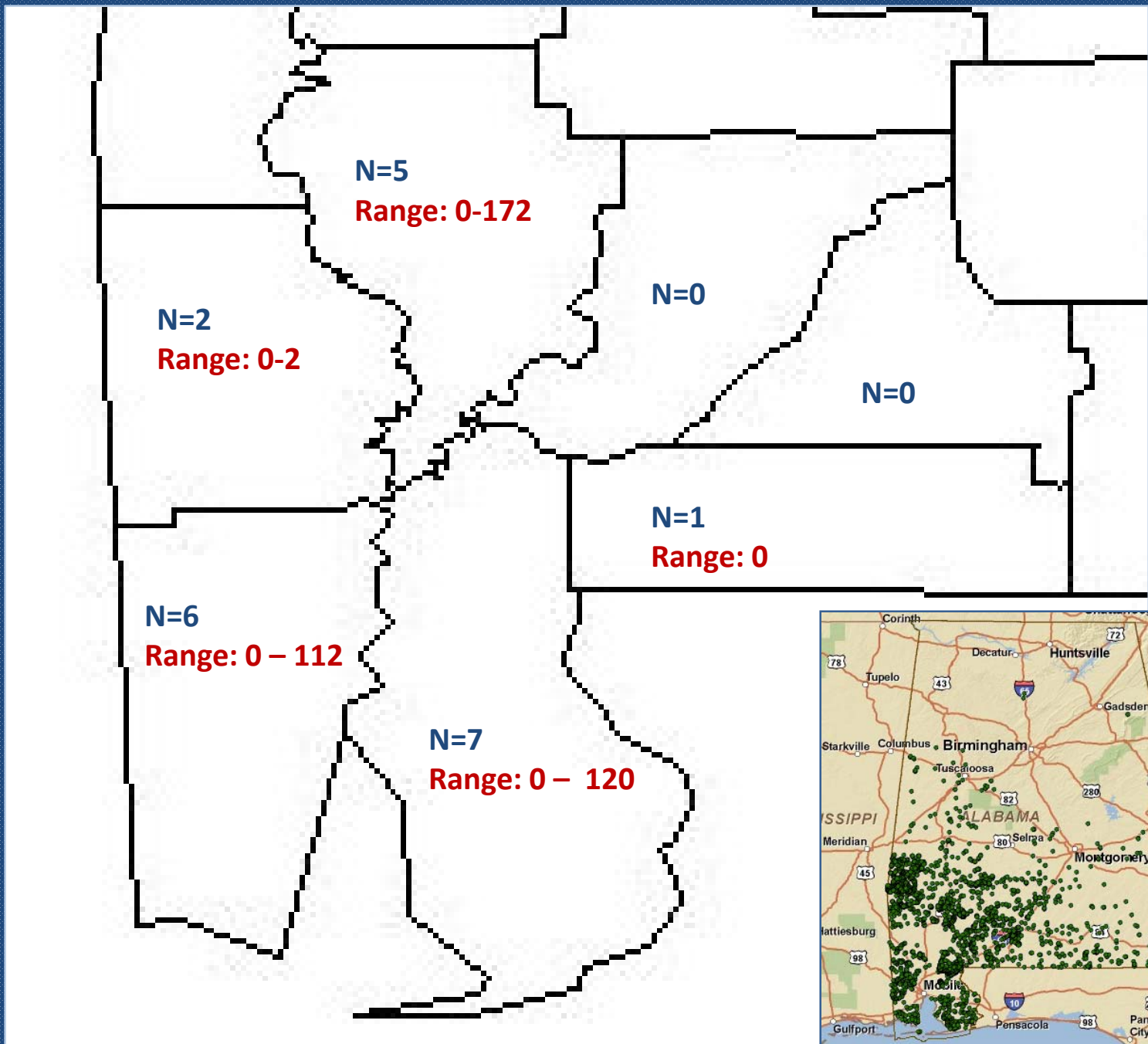












## Mobile County

- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
- ✿ 1, 3, 3, 8, 8
- ✿ 2, 7, 11, 16, 25
- ✿ 2, 18, 27, 29, 38
- ✿ 2, 11, 30, 61, 62
- ✿ 24, 38, 42, 47, 112

## Clarke County

- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 0, 1
- ✿ 6, 24, 82, 126, 182

## Baldwin County

- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
- ✿ 0, 0, 0, 1, 1
- ✿ 0, 1, 1, 3, 6
- ✿ 2, 2, 4, 5, 8
- ✿ 5, 26, 35, 55, 88
- ✿ 47, 48, 50, 56, 120

Shilling et al. reported 350-500 spikelets per panicle (avg of 25/cm)

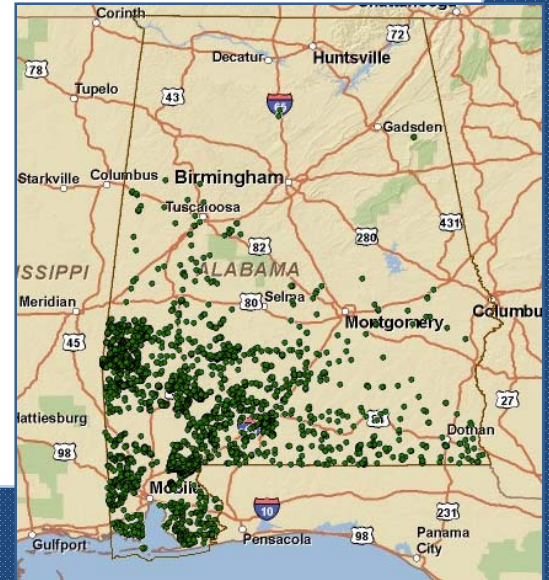
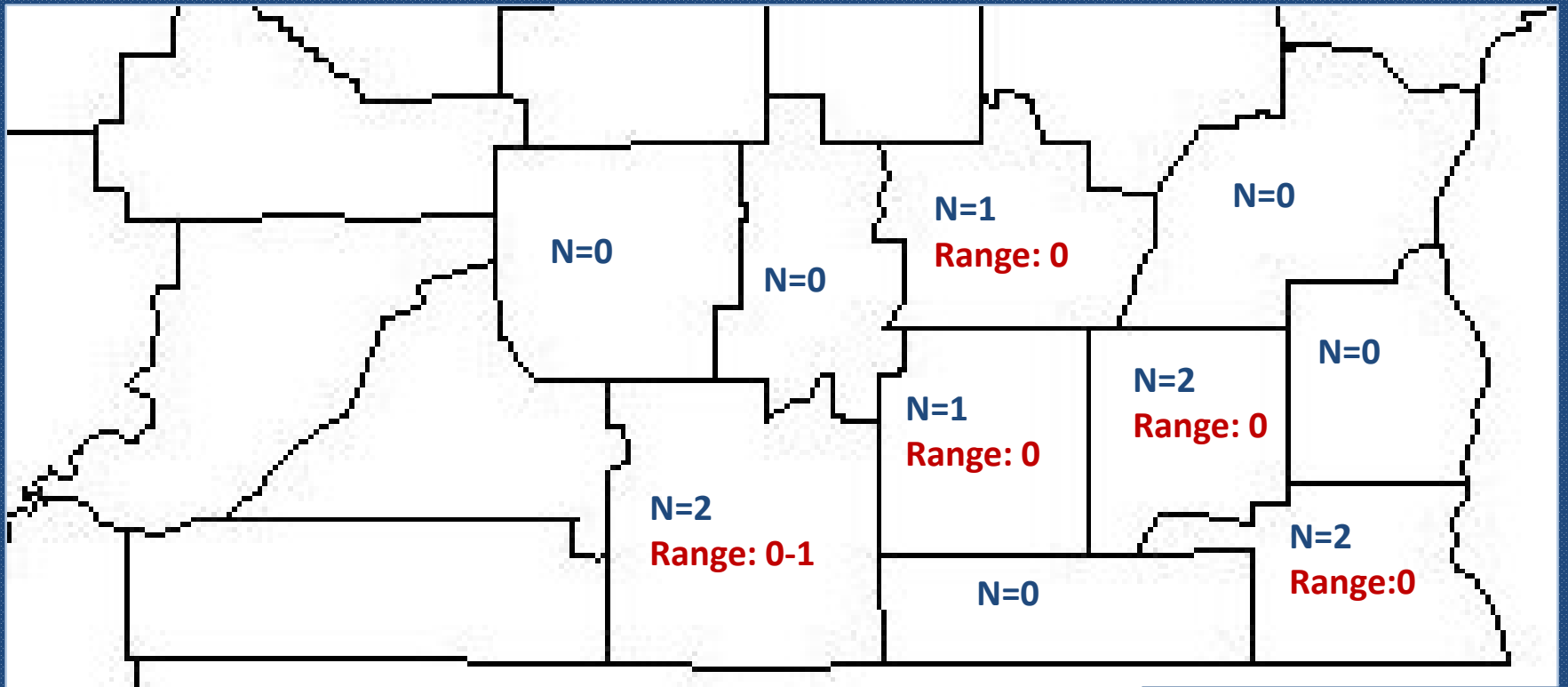




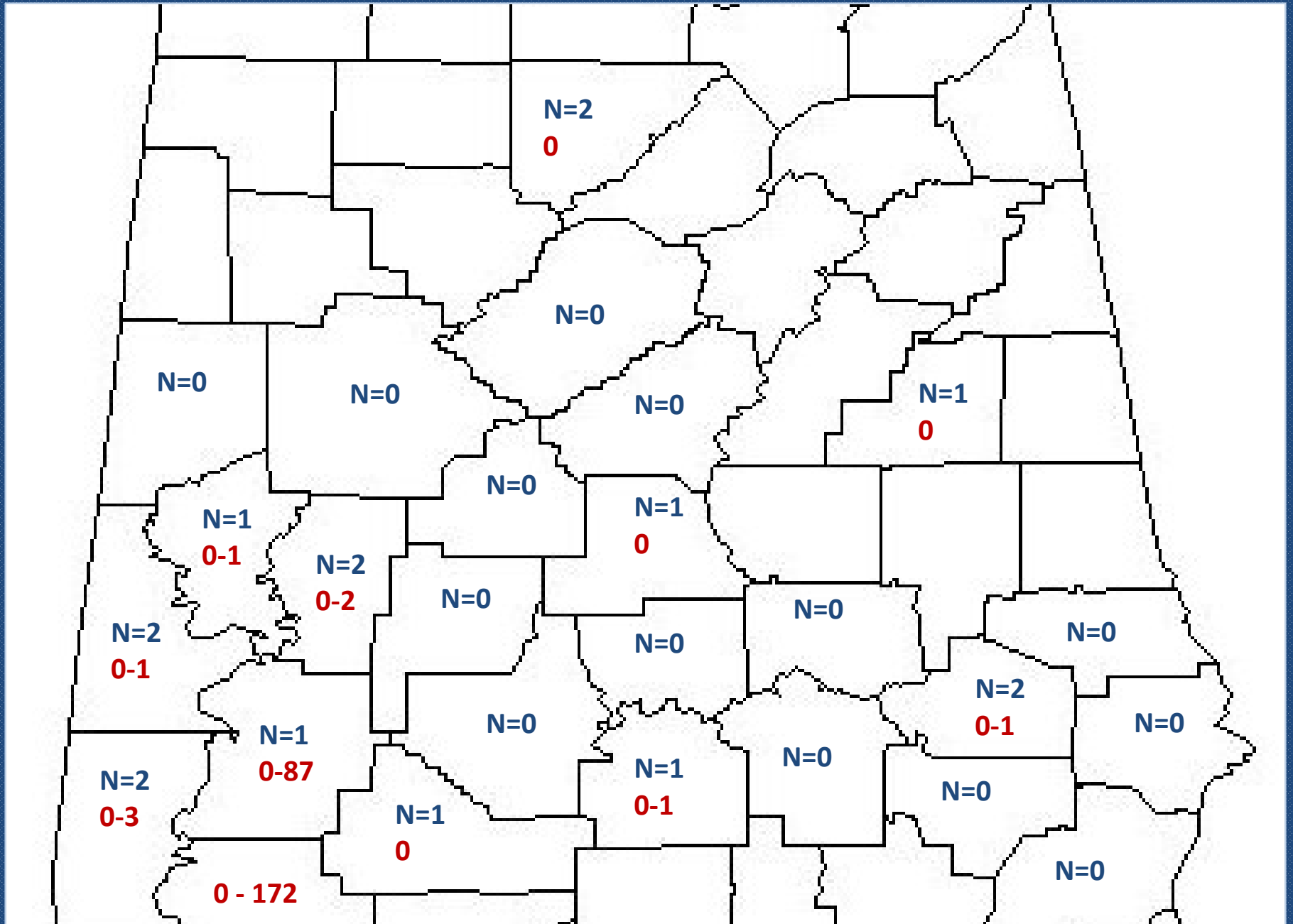












N=2  
0

N=0

N=0

N=0

N=0

N=1  
0

N=0

N=1  
0

N=1  
0-1

N=2  
0-2

N=0

N=2  
0-1

N=0

N=0

N=0

N=2  
0-1

N=0

N=1  
0-87

N=0

N=1  
0-1

N=0

N=0

N=2  
0-3

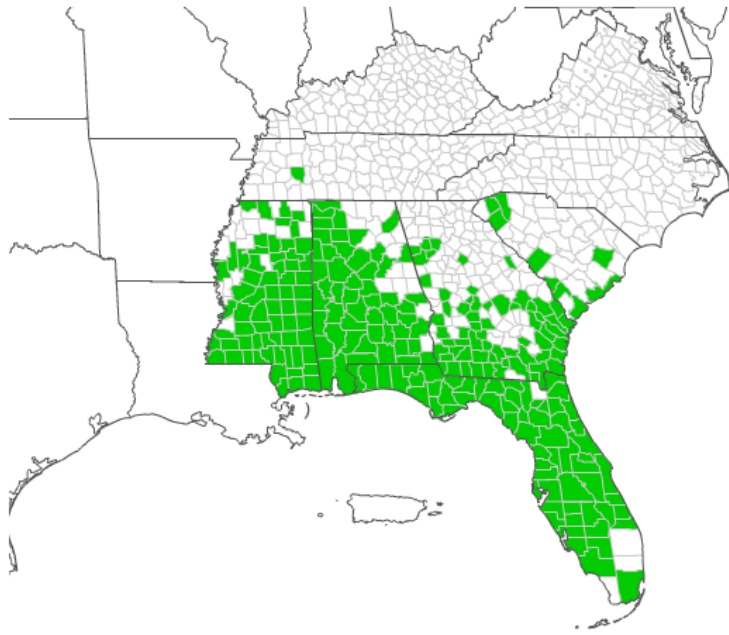
N=1  
0

0 - 172

N=0

**cogongrass**  
*Imperata cylindrica* (L.) Beauv.

Distribution Maps: [State](#) / [County](#) / [Points on Google Maps](#)



# Georgia

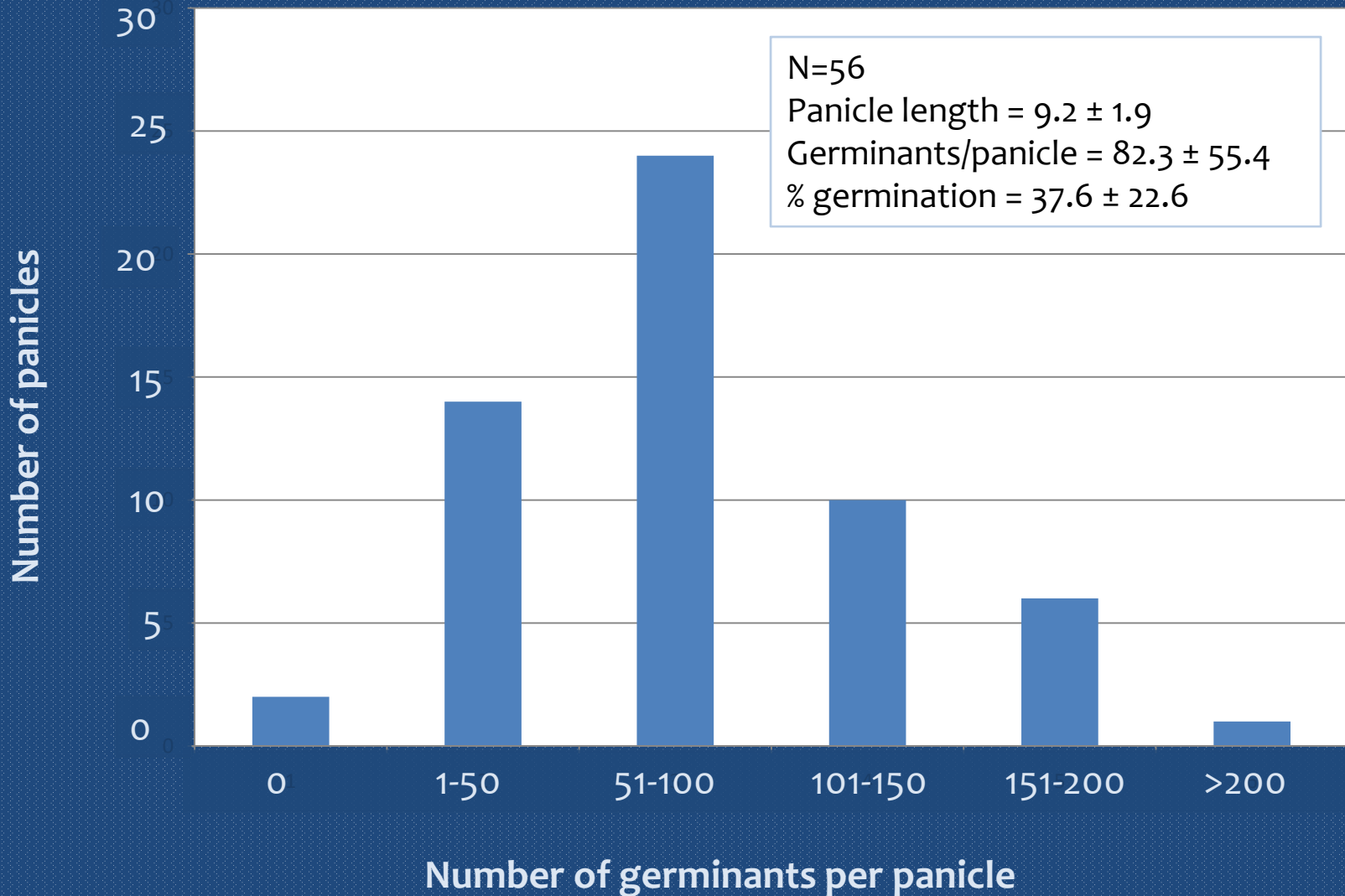
 16 sites

 No germinants



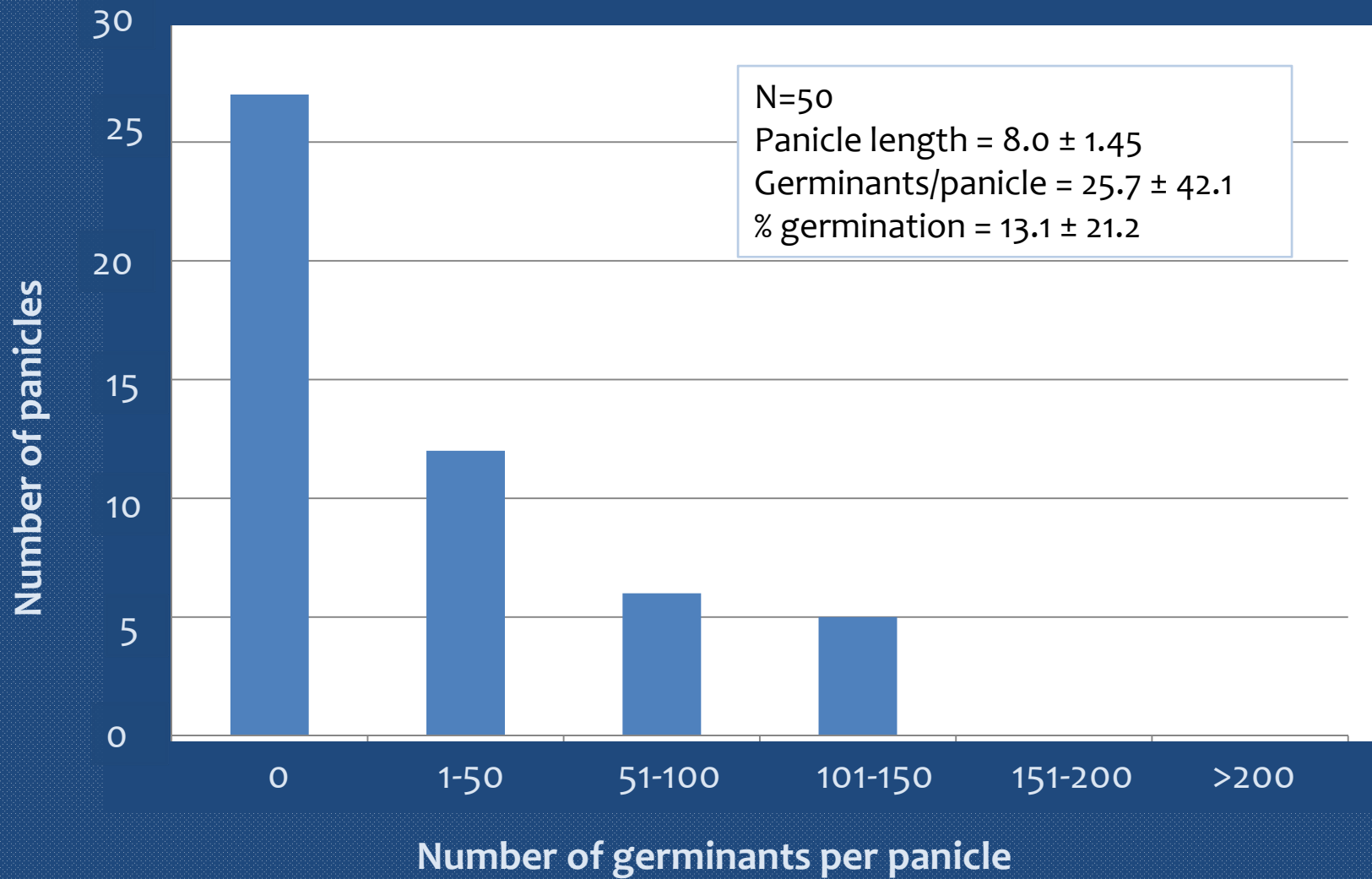
# Mobile County, AL

Fresh seed



# Mobile County, AL

12 month old seed





# Conclusions

- Cogongrass seed production is variable across and within regions
  - Highest seed production occurred within the 'occupied' zone
  - Seed production was sporadic outside of the 'occupied' zone, but did occur
- Seed germination is high
- Seed longevity (in the lab) exceeded one year

# Acknowledgements

- Funding:

- USDA Forest Service

- Seed collection:

- Alabama Forestry Commission
- Alabama Cooperative Extension
- Georgia Forestry Commission

- Germination trials (2009):

- Denise Landers